# **International Energy Corporation CJSC**

Financial Statements for 2018



KPMG Armenia LLC 8th floor, Erebuni Plaza Business Center, 26/1 Vazgen Sargsyan Street Yerevan 0010, Armenia Telephone + 374 (10) 595 999 Internet www.kpmg.am

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Shareholders of International Energy Corporation CJSC

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of International Energy Corporation CJSC (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

As at 31 December 2018 the Company performed a revaluation of property, plant and equipment. We did not agree with the some of the assumptions used for estimating the depreciated replacement cost of certain items of property, plant and equipment resulting in the underestimation of the depreciated replacement cost of those items. Consequently we were unable to determine whether adjustments might have been necessary in respect of impairment losses and revaluation gains recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment and related taxes in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2018.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Republic of Armenia, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is:

Tigran Gasparyan

Managing Partner, Director of KPMG Armenia LLC

KPMG Armenia LLC

23 April 2019

| '000 AMD                           | Note | 31 December 2018 | 31 December 2017* |
|------------------------------------|------|------------------|-------------------|
| Assets                             |      |                  |                   |
| Property, plant and equipment      | 13   | 27,803,599       | 30,810,211        |
| Intangible assets                  |      | 14,091           | 17,552            |
| Prepayments for non-current assets |      | -                | 580,453           |
| Value-added tax receivable         |      | -                | 680,232           |
| Deferred tax assets                | 12   | 507,030          | -                 |
| Non-current assets                 |      | 28,324,720       | 32,088,448        |
|                                    |      |                  |                   |
| Inventories                        | 14   | 389,411          | 316,478           |
| Trade and other receivables        | 15   | 694,075          | 933,807           |
| Current tax assets                 |      | -                | 135,606           |
| Bank deposits                      | 16   | 402,885          | 727,618           |
| Cash and cash equivalents          | 17   | 70,349           | 90,236            |
| Current assets                     |      | 1,556,720        | 2,203,745         |
| Total assets                       |      | 29,881,440       | 34,292,193        |
| Equity                             |      |                  |                   |
| Share capital                      | 18   | 585,650          | 585,650           |
| Revaluation surplus                | 18   | 20,661,828       | 9,258,477         |
| Accumulated losses                 |      | (17,269,316)     | (4,915,060)       |
| Total equity                       |      | 3,978,162        | 4,929,067         |
| Liabilities                        |      |                  |                   |
| Loans and borrowings               | 19   | 20,084,525       | 22,137,214        |
| Deferred tax liabilities           | 12   | 20,001,323       | 267,906           |
| Value-added tax payable            | 12   | _                | 680,232           |
| Non-current liabilities            |      | 20,084,525       | 23,085,352        |
| Tion current numbers               |      | 20,001,020       | 25,005,552        |
| Loans and borrowings               | 19   | 3,454,329        | 3,233,508         |
| Trade and other payables           | 20   | 2,202,667        | 2,624,266         |
| Current tax liability              | 20   | 161,757          | -<br>-            |
| Provisions                         | 21   | -                | 420,000           |
| Current liabilities                |      | 5,818,753        | 6,277,774         |
| Total liabilities                  |      | 25,903,278       | 29,363,126        |
| Total equity and liabilities       |      | 29,881,440       | 34,292,193        |
|                                    |      |                  |                   |

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 5.

| '000 AMD  | Note          | 2018         | 2017*       |
|---|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| Revenue   | 6             | 6,300,453    | 6,501,310   |
| Cost of sales   | 7             | (2,688,888)  | (3,018,650) |
| Gross profit  | 9 <del></del> | 3,611,565    | 3,482,660   |
| Other income  | 8             | 1,824,914    | 2,956       |
| Administrative expenses                                 | 9             | (843,471)    | (1,009,604) |
| Other expenses  | 10            | (18,823,863) | (1,070,933) |
| Impairment loss on trade and other receivables          |               | (234)        | -           |
| Results from operating activities                       | _             | (14,231,089) | 1,405,079   |
| Finance income  | 11            | 118,326      | 17,844      |
| Finance costs   | 11            | (1,665,915)  | (1,271,482) |
| (Loss)/profit before income tax                         |               | (15,778,678) | 151,441     |
| Income tax benefit/(expense)                            | 12            | 3,424,955    | (247,987)   |
| Loss for the year                                       | _             | (12,353,723) | (96,546)    |
| Other comprehensive income                              |               |              |             |
| Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss |               |              |             |
| Revaluation of property, plant and equipment            | 13            | 14,207,938   | =           |
| Related income tax                                      | 12            | (2,804,587)  | -           |
| Other comprehensive income, net of income tax           | _             | 11,403,351   |             |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year                   |               | (950,372)    | (96,546)    |

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. As a result of adoption of IFRS 15 the Company changed presentation of certain captions. Comparative information is represented accordingly see Note 5.

These financial statements were approved by management on 23 April 2019 and were signed on its

behalf by:

Roman Zohrabyants General Director Liletta Melkonyan Chief Accountant

| '000 AMD   | Share<br>capital | Property and equipment revaluation surplus | Accumulated losses | Total        |
|--|------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2017*                       | 585,650          | 9,259,550                                  | (4,819,587)        | 5,025,613    |
| Total comprehensive income for the year          |                  |  |                    |              |
| Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year   | -                | -  | (96,546)           | (96,546)     |
| Disposal of property, plant and equipment        | -                | (1,073)                                    | 1,073              | -            |
| Balance at 31 December 2017                      | 585,650          | 9,258,477                                  | (4,915,060)        | 4,929,067    |
|  |                  |  |                    |              |
| Balance at 1 January 2018 as previously reported | 585,650          | 9,258,477                                  | (4,915,060)        | 4,929,067    |
| Adjustment on initial application of IFRS 9      | -                | -  | (533)              | (533)        |
| Adjusted balance at 1 January 2018               | 585,650          | 9,258,477                                  | (4,915,593)        | 4,928,534    |
| Total comprehensive income for the year          |                  |  |                    |              |
| Loss for the year                                | -                | -  | (12,353,723)       | (12,353,723) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year          |                  |  |                    |              |
| Revaluation of property, plant and equipment     |                  | 11,403,351                                 | <u> </u>           | 11,403,351   |
| Balance at 31 December 2018                      | 585,650          | 20,661,828                                 | (17,269,316)       | 3,978,162    |

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 5.

| AMD'000   | 2018         | 2017*       |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES  |              |             |
| Loss for the year   | (12,353,723) | (96,546)    |
| Adjustments for:  |              |             |
| Depreciation and amortization                                     | 1,259,145    | 1,352,742   |
| Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment                | 16,443,734   | -           |
| Reversal of write-down of inventory                               | (74,709)     | (31,680)    |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment                 | -            | 4,380       |
| Loss on disposal of intangible assets                             | 2,236        | -           |
| Impairment losses on trade and other receivables                  | 234          | -           |
| Change in provisions  | (420,000)    | 420,000     |
| Net finance costs   | 1,547,589    | 1,253,638   |
| Income tax (benefit)/expense                                      | (3,424,955)  | 247,987     |
| Changes in:   |              |             |
| Inventories   | 1,775        | 20,175      |
| Trade and other receivables                                       | 247,004      | (206,123)   |
| Trade and other payables  | 1,094,197    | 59,218      |
| Cash flows from operations before income taxes and interest paid  | 4,322,527    | 3,023,791   |
| Income tax paid   | (76,243)     | (64,772)    |
| Interest paid   | (1,268,745)  | (1,237,447) |
| Cash flows from operating activities                              | 2,977,539    | 1,721,572   |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES  |              |             |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment                      | (1,215,305)  | (948,183)   |
| Proceeds from bank deposits                                       | 1,062,129    | 2,519,283   |
| Placement of bank deposits  | (740,505)    | (2,319,970) |
| Interest received   | 6,996        | 25,636      |
| Cash flows utilised by investing activities                       | (886,685)    | (723,234)   |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES  |              |             |
| Repayment of borrowings   | (2,110,789)  | (1,998,449) |
| Cash flows utilised by financing activities                       | (2,110,789)  | (1,998,449) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents                         | (19,935)     | (1,000,111) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January                            | 90,236       | 1,079,224   |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents | 48           | 11,123      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December                          | 70,349       | 90,236      |

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 5.